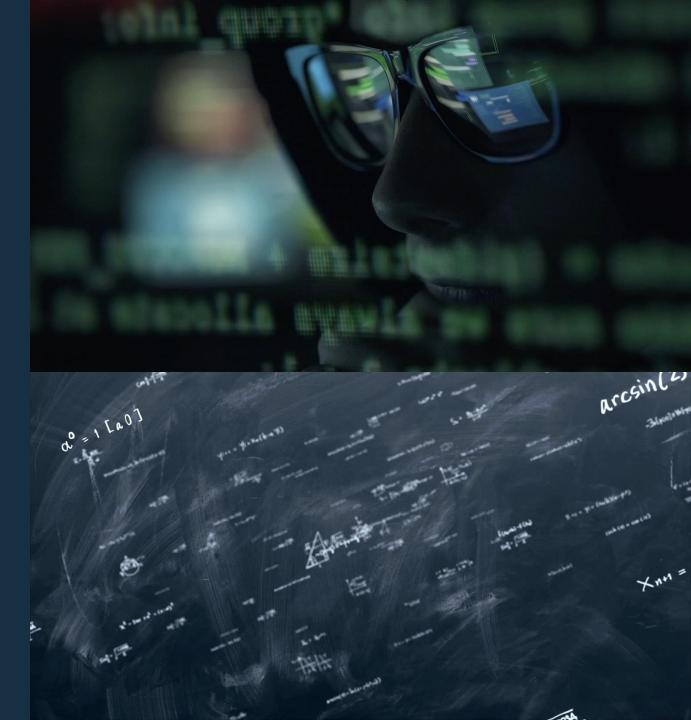
[LU:N≡X]

Using text-based games for story-driven simulation in education

Felippe Toledo





SDS: virtual patients

Interactive computer simulations in experimental learning theory provide a safe environment for:

- Exposure to clinical situations
- Assessment of patients
- Information gathering
- Diagnostic processes
- Clinical decision making





SDS: virtual patients

SDS should not aim to:

- Substitute experiences with real patients, but complement them
- Drive teaching objectives, but be used as a tool to generate a safe environment
- Not conclude the learning experience, but initiate clinical discussions





Twine

twinery.org



Twine is an open-source tool for telling interactive, nonlinear stories.

You don't need to write any code to create a simple story with Twine, but you can extend your stories with variables, conditional logic, images, CSS, and JavaScript when you're ready.

Twine publishes directly to HTML, so you can post your work nearly anywhere. Anything you create with it is completely free to use any way you like, including for commercial purposes.



↓ Download desktop app



Use in your browser

The latest version of Twine is 2.10.0, released 24 November 2024.

Looking for the 1.x version of Twine? It's on the IF Archive.

Creating a story

1. Learning objectives

- Knowledge
- Understanding
- Analysis
- Reasoning
- Decision-making



Creating a story

- 2. Format of story line
- Linear
- Convergent
- Multilinear



Creating a story

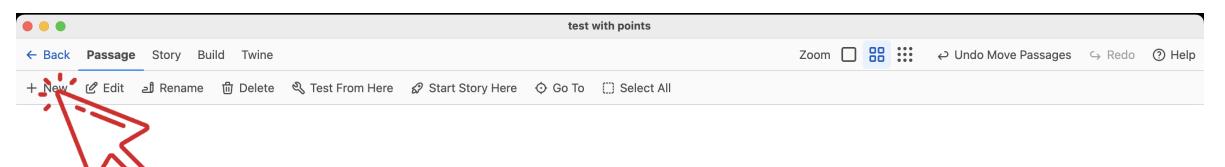
3. Outcomes and feedback

- Providing feedback based on performance
- Short description
- Advice and reflection



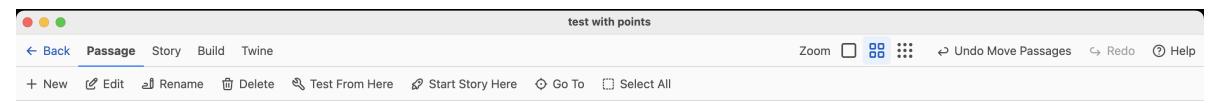


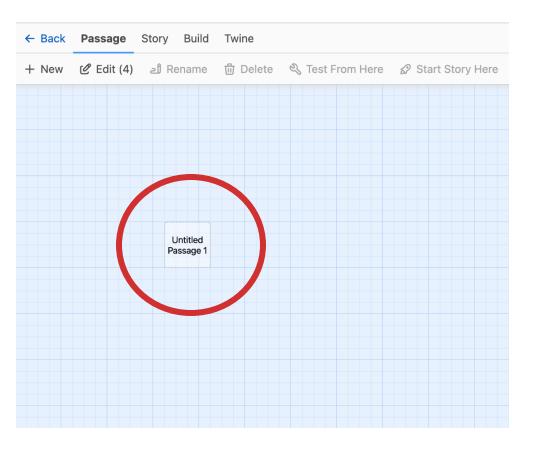
Creating new passages





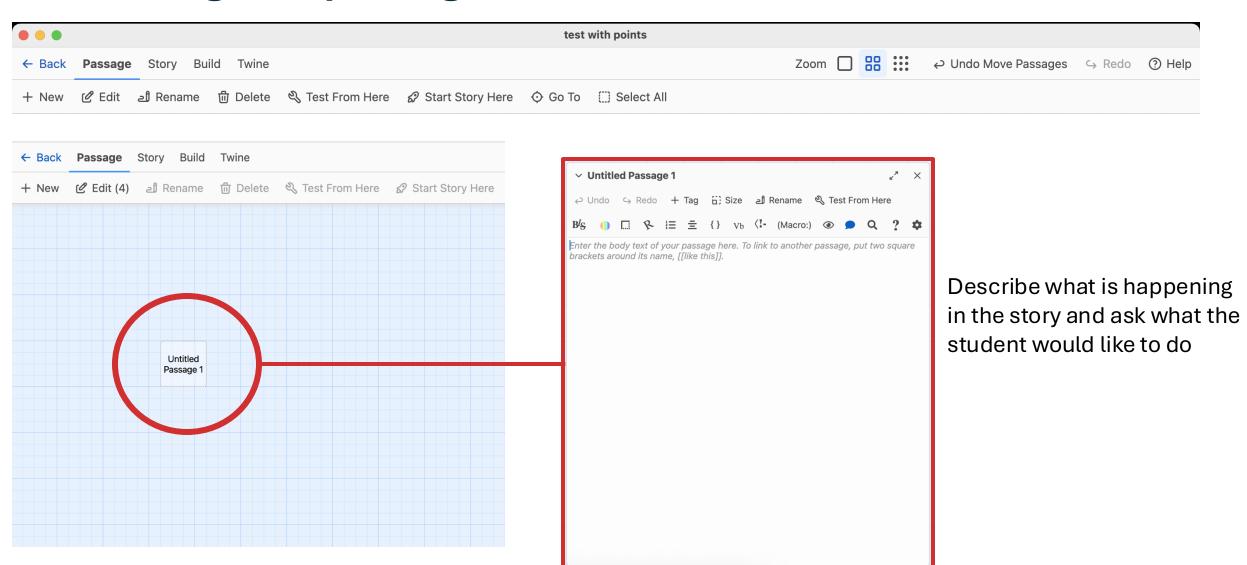
Creating new passages





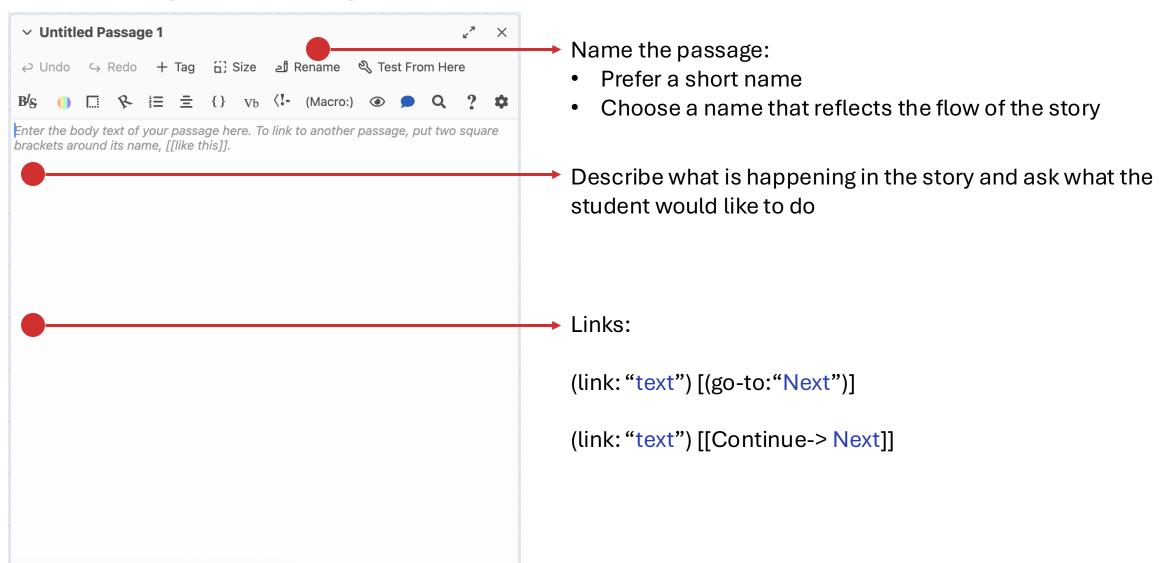


Creating new passages





Editing a passage





Scores and results

Links:

(link: "text") [set: \$score to \$score + 1) (go-to: "next")]

(link: "text") [set: \$score to \$score + 1)] [[Continue->next]]

Very NextPassage 2

Undo Seedo + Tag (i) Size all Rename Sets From Here

B's Image: Size all Rename Sets From Here

B's Image: Size all Rename Sets From Here

B's Image: Size all Rename Sets From Here

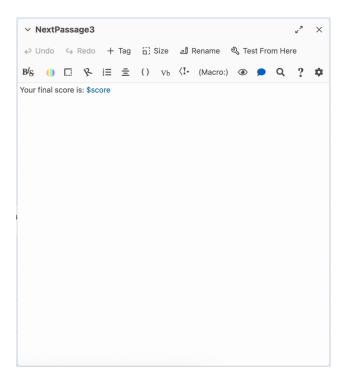
Answer 2

(link: "three points going to last")[(set: \$score to \$score + 3)] [[Continue->NextPassage3]]

(link: "two points going to last")[(set: \$score to \$score + 2)] [[Continue->NextPassage3]]

On the last passage:

Your final score is: \$score





Scores and results

On the second last passage:

Leave a general feedback or a comment on how the story () [set: \$score to \$score + 1) (go-to: "ne: proceeds and give the option:

(link: "click here to view your score and feedback") [(set: \$score to \$score to \$score to \$score + 0) (go-to: "final passage")]

NextPassage2

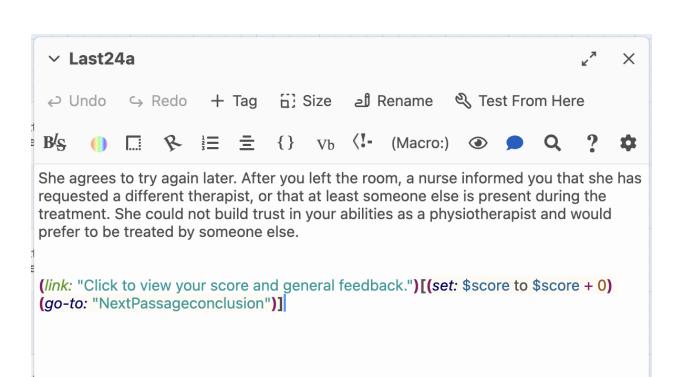
Undo ← Redo + Tag ˈgiː Size ℯð Rename ← Test From Here

i () □ ← i≡ 〒 () vb (I- (Macro:) ← Q ? ☆

wer 2

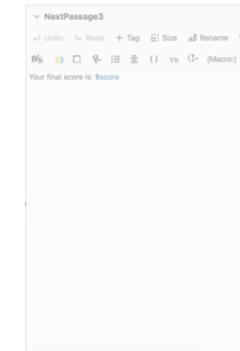
c: "three points going to last") [(set: Sscore to Sscore + 3)] [[ContinueextPassage3]]

c: "two points going to last") [(set: Sscore to Sscore + 2)] [[ContinueextPassage3]]



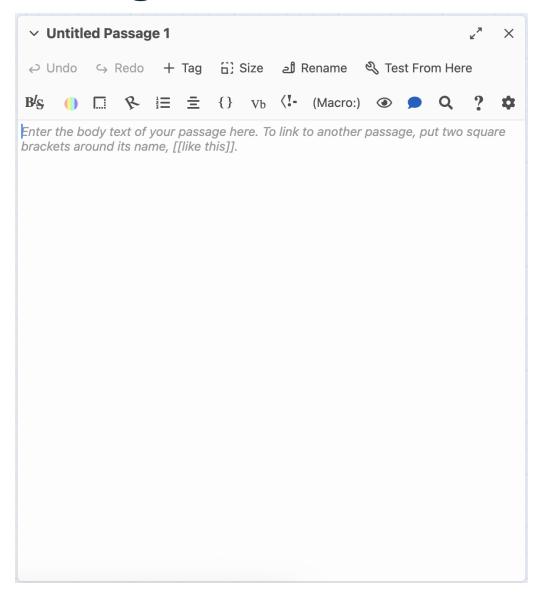
On the last passage

Your final score is: \$

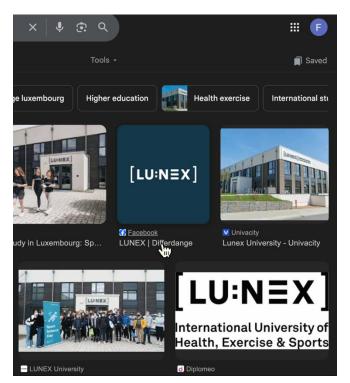




Images

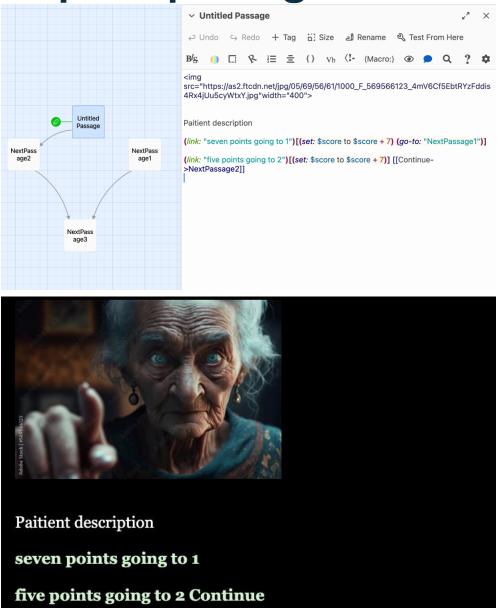


Before or after the description, add:





Example with complete passages

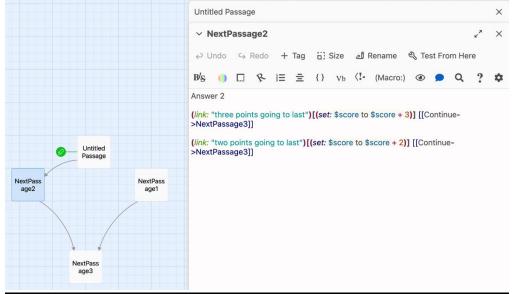


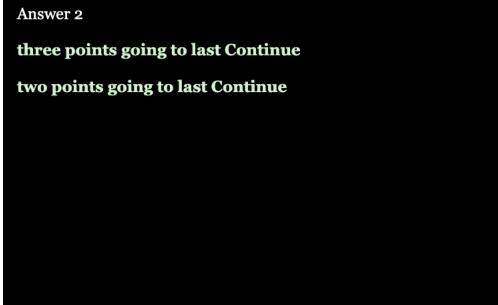




Example with complete passages





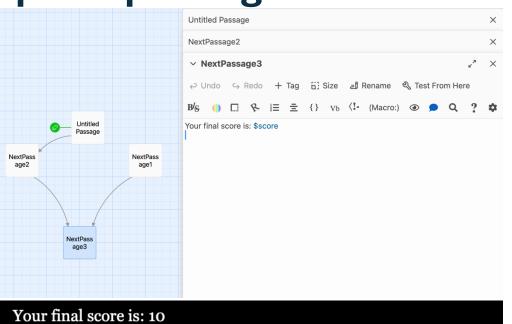






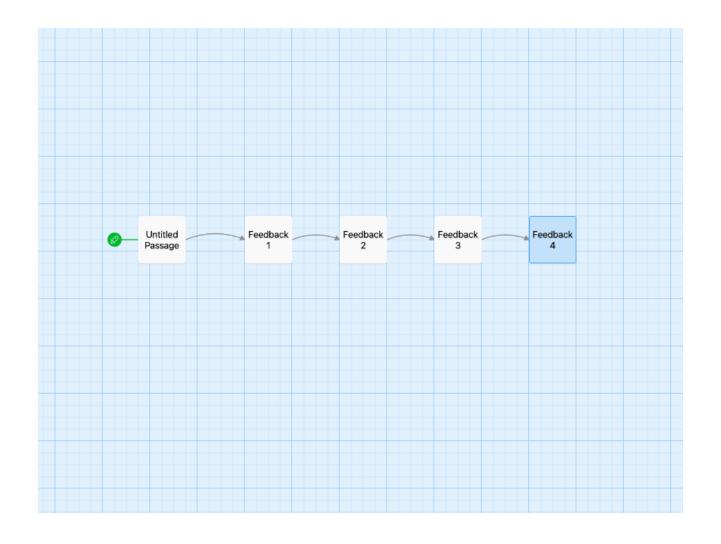
Example with complete passages







Storyline visualization: linear



```
<sub>κ</sub><sup>π</sup> ×
 Feedback 1

∠ Undo 

← Redo 

+ Tag 

☐ Size 

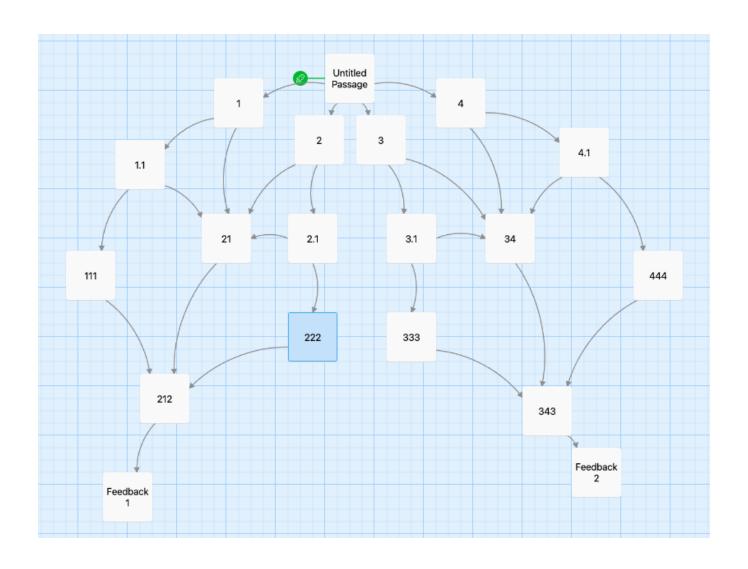
☐ Rename 

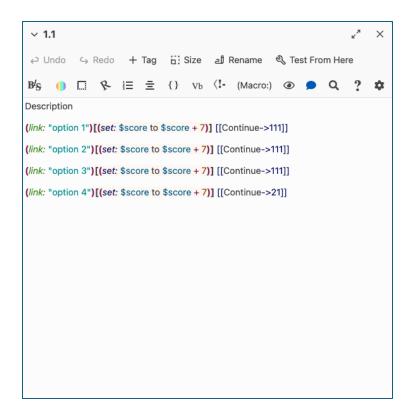
N Test From Here

description
(link: "option 1")[(set: $score to $score + 0)] [[Continue->Feedback 2]]
(link: "option 2")[(set: $score to $score + 2)] [[Continue->Feedback 2]]
(link: "option 3")[(set: $score to $score + 4)] [[Continue->Feedback 2]]
(link: "option 4")[(set: $score to $score - 2)] [[Continue->Feedback 2]]
```



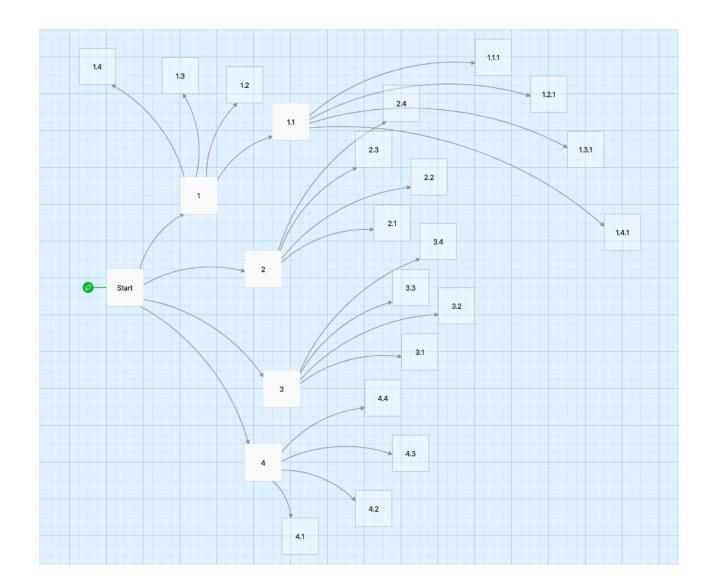
Story paths visualization: converging line

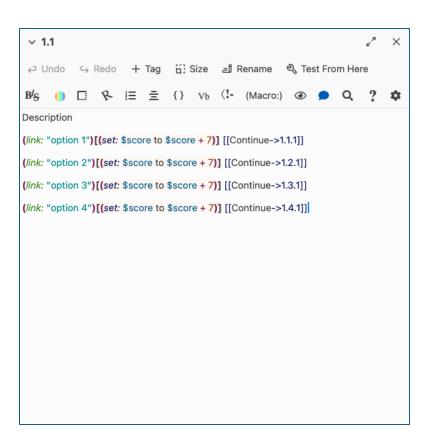




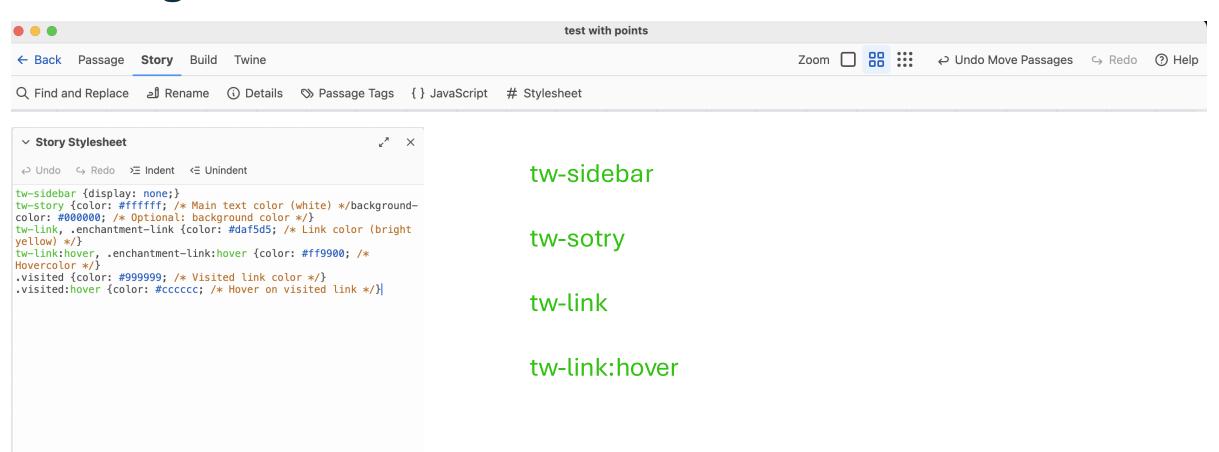


Story paths visualization: multilinear

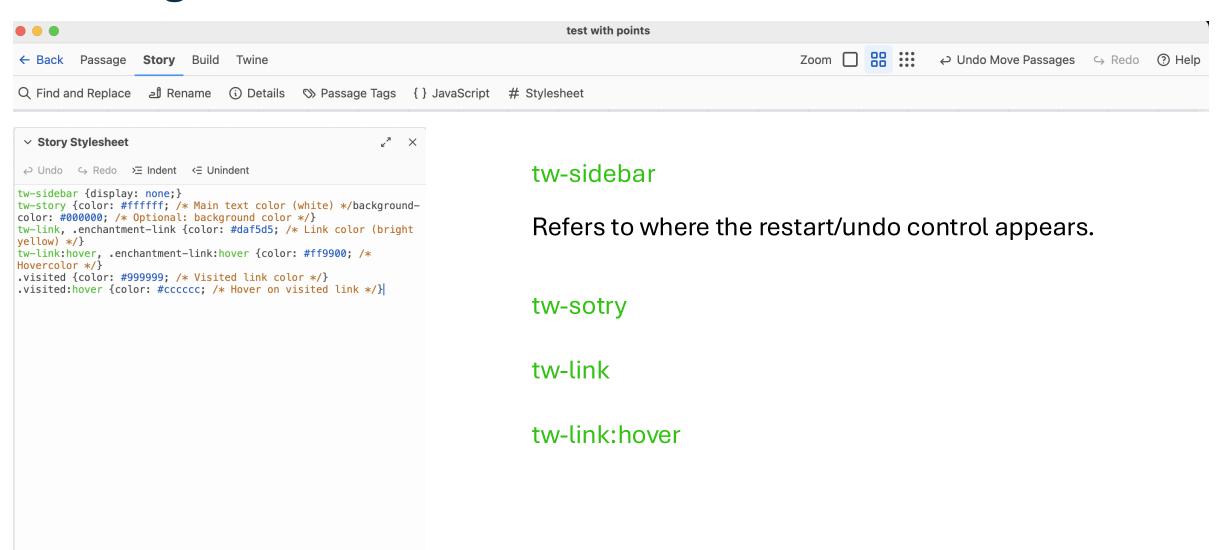




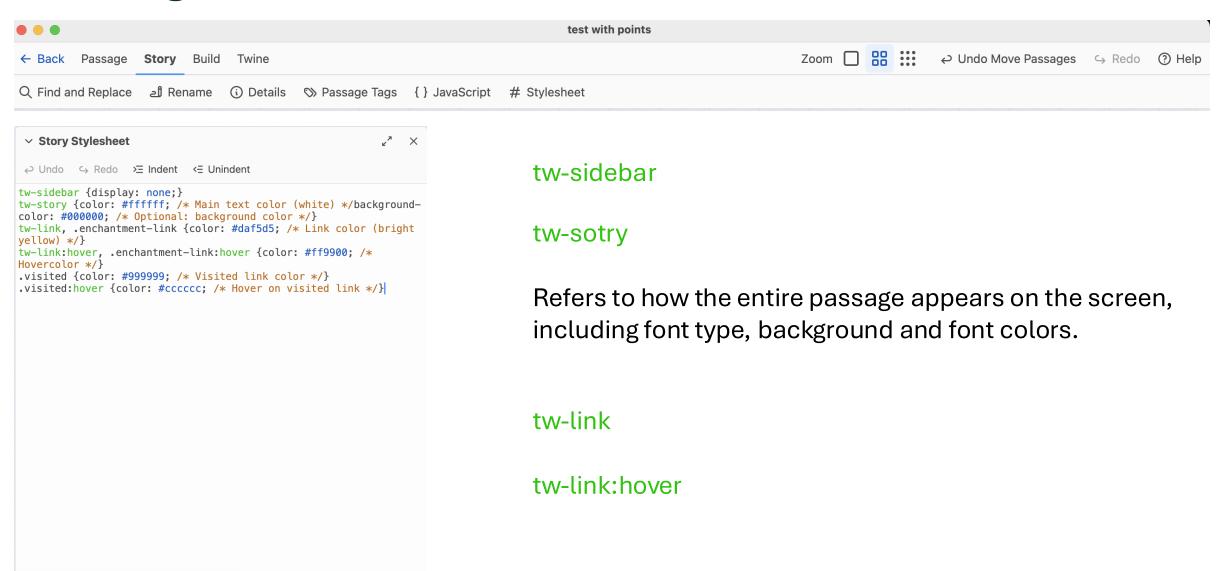




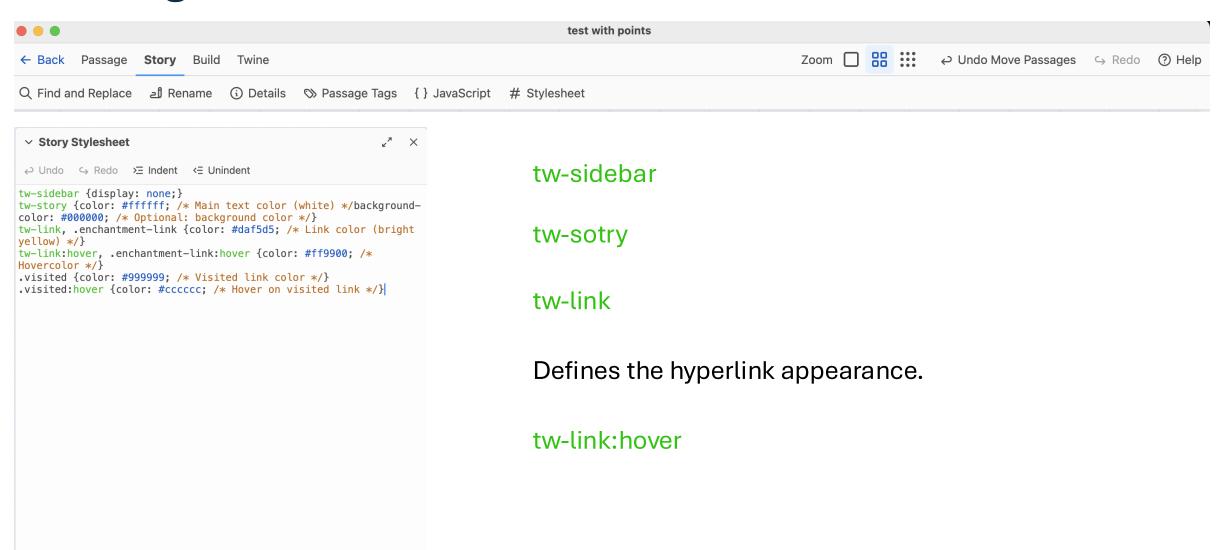




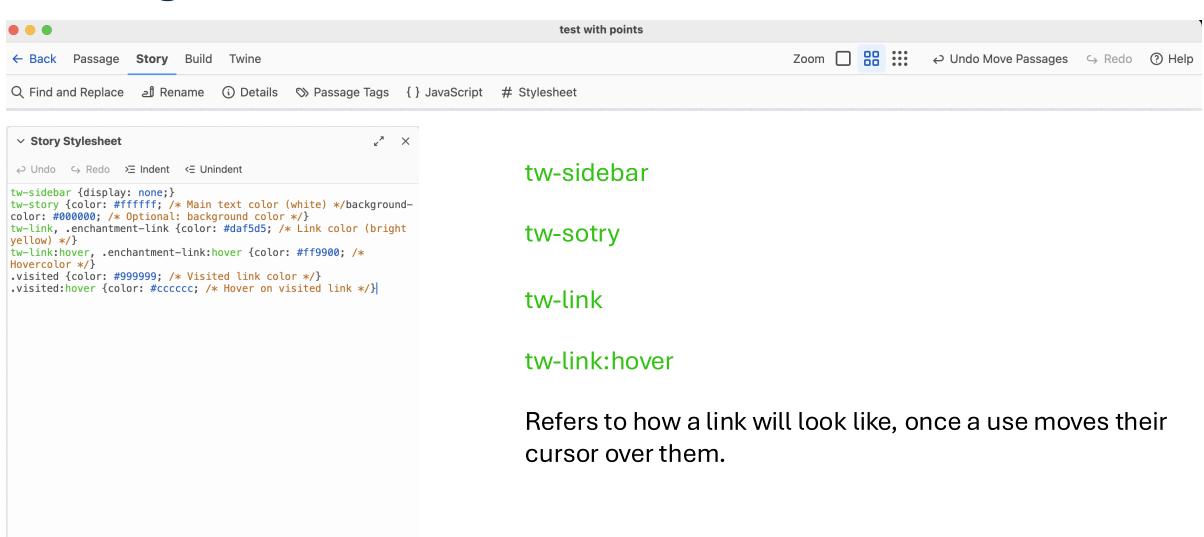






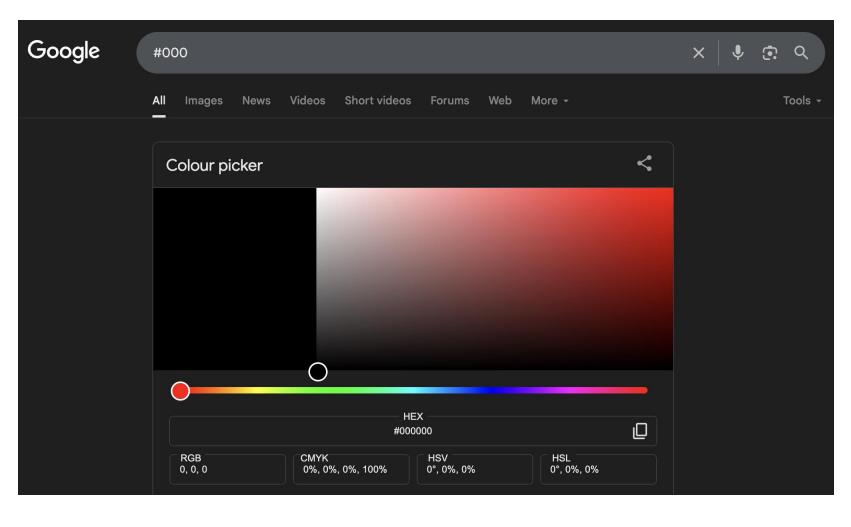








Color palettes



Copy the HEX code and paste on the stylesheet



Complementary readings

- Koelewijn G, Hennus MP, Kort HSM, Frenkel J, van Houwelingen T. Games to support teaching clinical reasoning in health professions education: a scoping review. Med Educ Online. 2024 Dec 31;29(1):2316971. doi: 10.1080/10872981.2024.2316971. Epub 2024 Feb 23. PMID: 38394053; PMCID: PMC10896137.
- Kononowicz AA, Woodham LA, Edelbring S, Stathakarou N, Davies D, Saxena N, Tudor Car L, Carlstedt-Duke J, Car J, Zary N. Virtual Patient Simulations in Health Professions Education: Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis by the Digital Health Education Collaboration. J Med Internet Res. 2019 Jul 2;21(7):e14676. doi: 10.2196/14676. PMID: 31267981; PMCID: PMC6632099.
- Krishnamurthy K, Selvaraj N, Gupta P, Cyriac B, Dhurairaj P, Abdullah A, Krishnapillai A, Lugova H, Haque M, Xie S, Ang ET. Benefits of gamification in medical education. Clin Anat. 2022 Sep;35(6):795-807. doi: 10.1002/ca.23916. Epub 2022 Jun 8. Erratum in: Clin Anat. 2024 Dec 18. doi: 10.1002/ca.24250. PMID: 35637557.
- Mohan D, Fischhoff B, Angus DC, Rosengart MR, Wallace DJ, Yealy DM, Farris C, Chang CH, Kerti S, Barnato AE.
 Serious games may improve physician heuristics in trauma triage. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2018 Sep
 11;115(37):9204-9209. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1805450115. Epub 2018 Aug 27. PMID: 30150397; PMCID: PMC6140476.